## Department of Examination, Sri Lanka

## EXAMINATION FOR THE AMATEUR RADIO OPERATORS CERTIFICATE OF PROFICIENCY ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF TELECOMMUNICATION OF SRI LANKA – FEBRUARY 1995 (Advanced Class)

Indev	No:	

## LICENSING CONDITIONS, OPERATING PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES

Two hours

Answer all questions on this paper itself A minin	num of 50 marks is required for a	a pass		
Choose the correct answer and underline it.				
1 Spurious emissions include				
(a) Emissions in the immediate vic	inity.			
(b) Results of the modulation proce	•			
(c) Harmonic emissions, parasitic e		tion products.		
(d) Any emissions, radiation or ind services.		_		
2. An operating method in which transm	ission is made possible alto	ernatively in each direction, is		
termed				
(a) duplex operation.	(b) single side band operation			
(c) simplex operation.	(d) facsimile transmission.			
3. A single period when transmissions ar	e exchanged between ama	teur station is termed		
(a) a jam session (b) a session.	(c) Amateur service	(d) periodic transmission.		
4. THIRD PARTY in relation to commu	nication between two or m	ore amateur stations, mean		
(a) a person or authority who reque				
(b) a person or authority to whom r		-		
(c) any person other than an operat	_			
(d) a third amateur station joining t				

- 5. SLOW SCAN TELEVISION means a system of telecommunication for the transmission of transient images of fixed or moving images using
  - (a) narrow bandwidths.

(b) broad bandwidths.

(c) ultra high frequency bands.

- (d) low frequency bands.
- 6. An advanced class amateur shall have the ability to send correctly by hand and receive correctly by ear, in Morse Code, a message in plain English at a speed of
  - (a) 10 words a minute for a continuous period of 3 minutes.
  - (b) 15 words a minutes for a continuous period of 3 minutes.
  - (c) 20 words per minutes.
  - (d) 20 words per minutes for a continuous period of 3minuts.

- 7. The Advanced Class Amateur Licensee shall entitle an Amateur to make transmissions on,
  - (a) any frequency band.
  - (b) on any of the frequency bands allotted to the Amateur Services using any type of emissions authorized for the band.
  - (c) any frequency band using any type of emission.
  - (d) any band used for public broadcasting under special circumstances.
- 8. Maximum power input to the final stage of the transmitter entitled to be used by an Advanced Class amateur is
  - (a) 400 watts D.C. input on H.F. and 50 watts input on VHF and above.
  - (b) 300 watts D.C. input on H.F. and 50 watts input on VHF and above.
  - (c) 400 watts D.C. input on H.F. and 25 watts input on VHF and above.
  - (d) 400 watts D.C. input on H.F. and 10 watts input on VHF and above.
- 9. An Advanced Class amateur is permitted to use
  - (a) secret codes.
  - (b) Exchange messages with , even, unlicensed radio stations.
  - (c) phone patch traffic.
  - (d) transmit the words of a third party which has been spoken publicly
- 10.It is permitted to supply radio frequency power to the antenna, for transmission under the following Conditions
  - (a) for tuning purpose only.
  - (b) when an amateur repeater shall be operated.
  - (c) when amateur radio news bulletins are broadcast.
  - (d) for radio direction finding
- 11. Transmission of the CALL SIGN shall be made
  - (a) F2A, G2A, J2A, R2A

(b) A1A, F3A, A2A, R2B

(c) A3E, F3E, J2E, R3E

- (d) F2A, H2B, J2A, R2A
- 12. When using a telegraph code the call sign shall be transmitted using the following classes of Emissions.
  - (a) G2A, F2A, H2A, R2A

(b) A3E, F3E, G3E, H3E

(c) F1B, F2B, J2B, R2B

(d) A2A, F1A, F2A, R2A

(b) includes the Call Sign of the originating station at the beginning and the recording station call sign at the end of the recorded messages.						
(c) is not permitted.						
(d) is intended for reception by the original station.						
<ul><li>14. Relaying of transmissions</li><li>(a) is permitted with special licence issued by the Director General of Telecomunication.</li></ul>						
(b) is permitted generally.						
(c) is not permitted, unless with special approval.						
(d) is permitted under emergency situation.						
15. Amateur Repeater Station may be operated either in the frequency band						
(a) 142-144MHz or 435-440 MHz. (b) 144-146 or 430-440 MHz						
(c) 144-146 MHz or 435-440 MHz (d) 144-146 MHz or 435-438 MHz						
16. Your CALL SIGN is 4S7YY. You wish to operate your station from temporary location other than that given in the licence. Your CALL SIGN would be						
(a) 4S7YY (b) 4S7YY/A (c) 4S7YY/P (d) 4S7YY/R						
<ul><li>17. If you use the CALL SIGN 4S7YY/M, you would be operating a station from (a) a private car</li><li>(b) on board a passenger ship from COLOMBO to MADRASS</li><li>(c) on board an intercity train from Colombo to Kandy</li><li>(d) On board an aircraft.</li></ul>						
18. A visiting amateur with foreign licence and call sign JE1VGE shall operate in English or any of the national languages of Sri Lanka and will have the call sign						
(a) 4S7/JE1VEG (b) 4S7/R (c) JE1VEG/4S7 (d) 4S7/JE1VEG/R						
19. Which of the following need not be entered in the log of an amateur radio station operated in mobile vehicle?						
(a) Name of the operator of the mobile station.						
(b) Location or route of the vehicle during these communications.						
(c) Frequency band used.						
(d) Classes of emissions used						
20. On frequency bands below 30MHz, the peak envelope power of spurious emissions shall not exceed (a) 10μW (b) mW (c) 25μW (d) 25mW						

13. Messages received from another amateur station may be recorded and retransmitted, provided that

the retransmission

(a) includes the Call Sign of the original station.

- 21. On frequency bands above 30MHz., the peak envelope power of the spurious emissions out side the frequency band allocated to the amateur radio service shall not exceed
  - (a)  $10\mu W$
- (b) 10mW
- (c) 25µW
- (d) 25mW

	<u>Answers</u>								
1. a	2. c	3.b	4. c	5.d	6. c	7.b	8.??	9. d	10. b
11. ??	12.	13.a	14.c	15.	16.b	17.a	18.c	19.b	20.
21.									

- Q-1 (c) typing error:- Harmonic typed as Harminic (I corrected here)
- Q-6 answer is "c" according to the old syllabus. No answer for new syllabus.
- Q-7 Typing error:- the word "licence" should be "licensee" (I corrected here)
- Q-8 No answer according to the current regulation
  Answer is 1000 watts D.C. input on H.F. and 50 watts input on VHF and above.
- Q-11 No answer. The call sign can transmit on any class of emissions without any restriction.
- Q-20 typing error :- "(b) mW" not indicated how many Watts.
- Q-21 typing error:- the word "amateur" typed as "anateur" (I corrected here)